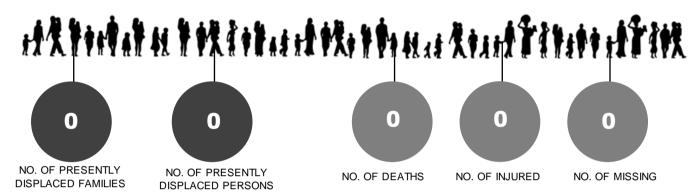


## PROTECTION ASSESSMENT AND MONITORING REPORT (IDPPAR)

<Severe Tropical Storm Nalgae (Paeng)>

<Brgy. Mamasapano and Brgy. Tuka>, <Mamasapano>, <Maguindanao> Reporting Period: <31> <October> 2022

#### **KEY FIGURES**



#### INCIDENT BACKGROUND

On 29 October 2022, the Ministry of Social Services and Development (MSSD) convened the members of the Mindanao Humanitarian Team (MHT) and relevant BARMM ministries to discuss significant updates related to the onslaught of the Severe Tropical Storm (STS) Paeng and to agree on a rapid needs assessment activities. As agreed in this inter-agency meeting, there will be a multi-cluster rapid needs assessment in Maguindanao and SGA of the BARMM tomorrow, 30 October, and Monday, 31 October. The assessment will cover eight clustered areas using the RNA tool with multisectoral coverage and team compositions. The MHT members, including CFSI, will lead in clustered areas with government agencies assigned to each team.

On 30 October 2022, CFSI joined the inter-agency cluster 4 assessment team in Mamasapano and Datu Salibo in Maguindanao del Sur.

#### **CURRENT SITUATION**

The flooding occurred on 29 October and not on the day of the heavy rain on 28 October. The arrival of the floodwater was slow but strong and broad in scope, which affected all 14 barangays of the municipality and 4,429 families or approximately 27,807 individuals, about 90% of the population of the entire municipality. In addition, no displacement of civilians was reported. Still, the Mamasapano LGU has prepared the municipal gymnasium and the Mamasapano elementary and high schools near the premise of the municipal hall in Brgy. Poblacion in case there would be a need to evacuate the affected residents, especially from the worst affected barangays of Mamasapano, Manungakling, and Tuka.

PROTECTION ISSUES, RESPONSES, AND GAPS



# THREAT TO LIFE, SAFETY, AND SECURITY

Protection assessment considers the various threats to life, safety, and security of displaced persons from crime, violence, armed conflict, or natural disaster.

#### **ISSUES**

1.

#### RESPONSES

1

#### NEEDS / GAPS

1.

## ACCESS TO LIFELINES AND HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE

Ensure that essential lifeline support is functional to facilitate the speedy delivery of responses

#### **ISSUES**

Food assistance has already been provided, but this only catered to a few families in only two barangays. In addition, issues about the lack of food, water, hygiene kits, sleeping kits, housing gear, medicines, lost civil documentation, etc., have not been addressed.

#### **RESPONSES**

Only a few packs of food were distributed to affected families.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

Food, drinking water, hygiene kits, sleeping kits, housing gear, medicines, civil documentation

## ACCESS TO FOOD AID, NUTRITION & LIVELIHOOD

Ensure that IDPs/Affected populations receive a minimum basic food ration

#### **ISSUES**

Limited distributed relief assistance did not saturate all the food needs of affected residents, especially those from interior barangays where access was challenging.

## RESPONSES

The Mamasapano LGU reported they had distributed food relief items to affected populations in only three barangays of Poblacion, Mamasapano, and Tuka. In addition, the office of MP Saed Salendab also reportedly provided food assistance to some affected residents of Brgy. Mamasapano.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

Hence, the LGU requested more relief assistance from the BARMM, Province, UN, INGO, NGO, and other service providers. The expressed primary needs during the assessment include food, water, medicines, and non-food items, such as water containers/kits, hygiene kits, sleeping kits, and kitchen utensils.

### **ACCESS TO NON-FOOD ITEMS**

Particular attention should be given to vulnerable persons needing core relief items.

#### **ISSUES**

The primary concerns of the affected barangays are food. Residents, especially those from the interior barangays, had difficulty accessing food. Their food sources are household food stocks and limited bags of rice prepositioned by some barangay officials before the massive flooding. Their local market is unpassable, and the garden/farm was flooded.

#### **RESPONSES**



The LGU has only provided limited food assistance to three barangays.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

Based on observation, the residents need food packs, cooked food for those who expressed the floods took away their firewood, and cash.

#### ACCESS TO WATER AND SANITATION

Ensure sanitary facilities such as showers, toilets, and washing areas are in place

#### **ISSUES**

Most barangays' primary water sources are open wells and hand pumps. However, barangay officials expressed these sources are at risk of contamination. Some residents, especially those from Barangay Zapakan, rely on water delivery from nearby Datu Saudi Ampatuan.

#### **RESPONSES**

No response has been made yet.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

Based on their current situation, the barangay officials expressed that their residents need purified drinking water, water containers, and jerry cans.

## ACCESS TO SHELTER

Meet the need for roofing and other materials from local sources if possible

#### **ISSUES**

Based on observations and according to the LGU officials, shelter is not a severe concern for the affected communities as there are only 15 houses partially damaged despite the massive scope of the flooding. In addition, most affected families stayed home-based, while those temporarily displaced have returned to their homes.

#### **RESPONSES**

No response has been made yet.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

If there is a need for shelter, it can only be some shelter repair kits, GI sheets, or lumbers.

## HOUSING, LAND, AND PROPERTY

Ensure that deprivation of land, homes, and other property of individuals as a result or cause of displacement must be properly monitored and addressed

#### **ISSUES**

There were 15 houses partially damaged despite the massive scope of the flooding. In addition, 12 schools and 12 daycare centers were reported affected by the massive flooding—school supplies, including Tahderriah modules of an orphan student from Brgy. Lusay was also affected. The massive floodwaters also affected one foot-bridge cut-off and unpassable roads connecting Brgy. Poblacion (Proper) to the other 13 interior barangays. The only means of transportation to these barangays is a pump boat or a tractor/Kubota. The flood also took away kitchen utensils and personal belongings such as malong, blanket, clothe, etc.

#### RESPONSES

No response has been made yet.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

Hence, if there is a need for shelter, it can only be some shelter repair kits, GI sheets, or lumbers.



#### ACCESS TO HEALTH

Ensure that IDPs have access to primary health care and facilities during displacement

#### **ISSUES**

In Brgy. Zapakan, two children were reported with diarrhea. Other barangays severely affected by the flooding also expressed concerns about a possible outbreak of diarrhea in their localities once the floods subside. Accordingly, the projection that the floodwater would completely subside is after a week.

#### RESPONSES

No response has been made yet.

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

The barangay chair of Zapakan expressed they needed medicines and a medical expert to check the two children's diarrhea condition.

# PROTECTION AND SUPPORT TO PERSONS WITH SPECIFIC NEEDS

Ensure that the specific needs of the most vulnerable members or groups of the displaced population are being targeted and addressed

#### **ISSUES**

There was a reported loss of civil documents due to the flooding in Brgy. Manungkaling.

#### **RESPONSES**

No response has been made yet.

## **NEEDS / GAPS**

Access to civil documentation

## CHILD PROTECTION AND PROTECTION AGAINST GENDER-BASED VIOLENCE

- Ensure the safeguarding of displaced children from violence, exploitation, abuse, and neglect
- IDPs are protected against violence based on their gender or sex, including acts that inflict physical, mental, or sexual harm or suffering, threats of such acts, coercion, and other arbitrary deprivation of liberty.

#### **ISSUES**

No cases of separated and unaccompanied children were reported. No cases also of gender-based violence were reported. No current IDPs were also monitored, as affected populations are primarily home-based.

#### **RESPONSES**

N/A

#### **NEEDS / GAPS**

N/A

### **SOURCES OF INFORMATION**

MPDC
Secretary to the mayor
MDRRMO
MSSDO
Brgy. Chairs
Affected populations



## **PHOTO DOCUMENTATIONS:**











